

To Ensure Timely Transfusions

REMEMBER

If a patient who received daratumumab requires a transfusion:



Type and screen patients prior to starting daratumumab. Inform the blood bank that your patient has been treated with daratumumab which interferes with indirect antiglobulin tests



Ensure that your patient's blood sample is identified as containing daratumumab



Double-check standing orders for transfusions to determine if your patient received daratumumab within the last year



Ensure patients are given a Patient ID Card for daratumumab and provide your patient's pre-daratumumab compatibility profile, if available, to the blood bank



Ask your patient to tell their other HCPs that they have received daratumumab, particularly before a transfusion

This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved by the Saudi FDA

March 2021



March 2021

This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved by the Saudi FDA

1. de Weers M, Tai YT, van der Veer MS, et al. Daratumumab, a novel therapeutic human CD38 monoclonal antibody, induces killing of multiple myeloma and other hematological tumors. *J Immunol*. 2011;186(3):1840-1848.
2. Chapuy CI, Nicholson RT, Aguad MD, et al. Resolving the daratumumab interference with blood compatibility testing. *Transfusion*. 2015;55(6Pt 2):1545-1554.
3. Albeniz I, Demir O, Turker-Sener L, Yalcintepe L, Nurten R, Bermek E. Erythrocyte CD38 as a prognostic marker in cancer. *Hematology*. 2007;12(5):409-414.
4. Mehta K, Shahid U, Malavasi F. Human CD38, a cell-surface protein with multiple functions. *FASEB J*. 1996;10(12):1408-1417.
5. Zocchi E, Franco L, Guida L, et al. A single protein immunologically identified as CD38 displays NAD+ glycohydrolase, ADP-ribosyl cyclase and cyclic ADP-ribose hydrolase activities at the outer surface of human erythrocytes. *Biochem Biophys Res Commun*. 1993;196(3):1459-1465.
6. Oostendorp M, Lammerts van Bueren JJ, Doshi P, et al. When blood transfusion medicine becomes complicated due to interference by monoclonal antibody therapy. *Transfusion*. 2015;55(6 Pt 2):1555-1562.
7. Hannon JL, Clarke G. Transfusion management of patients receiving daratumumab therapy for advanced plasma cell myeloma. *Transfusion*. 2015;55(11):2770.

References

DARATUMUMAB

Healthcare Professional Guide for Understanding daratumumab Interference with Blood Compatibility Testing

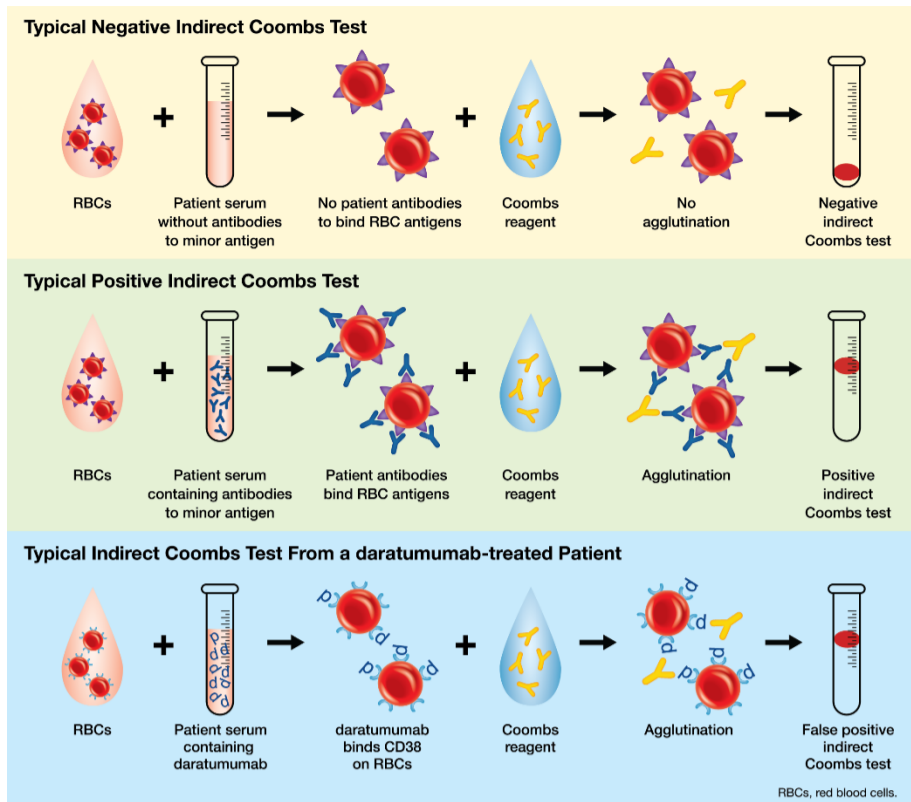
This document has been reviewed and approved by The Saudi Food and Drug Authority (SFDA)

This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved by the Saudi FDA

March 2021



daratumumab Results in a False Positive Indirect Coombs Test

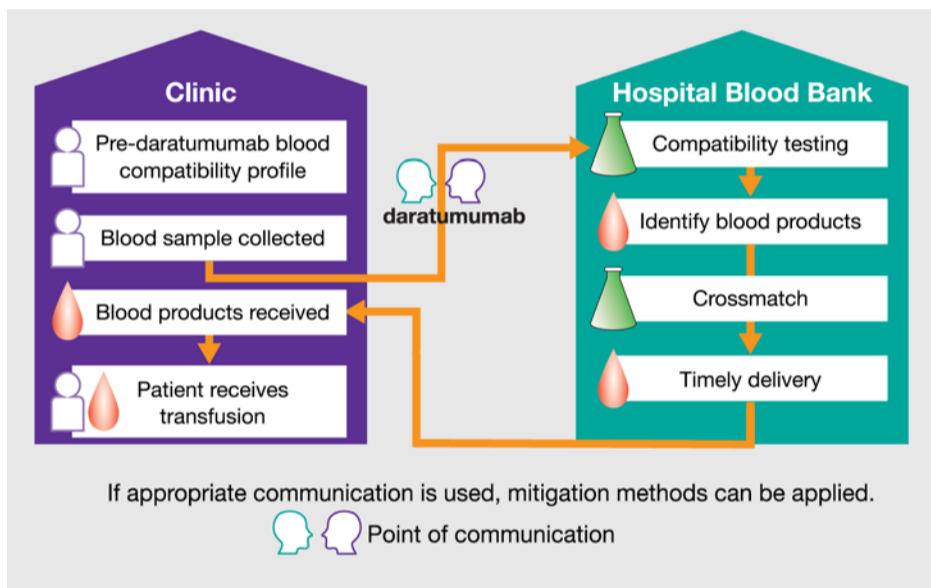


- daratumumab is a human monoclonal antibody for the treatment of multiple myeloma¹
- daratumumab binds to CD38,² a protein that is expressed at low levels on red blood cells (RBCs)³⁻⁵
- daratumumab binding to RBCs may mask the detection of antibodies to minor antigens in the patient's serum. This interferes with blood bank compatibility tests, including the antibody screening and crossmatching² (both indirect Coombs tests) that are part of a routine pretransfusion work up

This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved by the Saudi FDA

March 2021

Help Prevent Blood Transfusion Delays



- Blood compatibility testing can still be performed on daratumumab-treated patients
- Blood products for transfusion can be identified for daratumumab-treated patients using protocols available in the literature^{2,6}, or locally validated methods. Genotyping may also be considered
- **To ensure that your patient receives a timely transfusion, type and screen patients prior to starting daratumumab and inform the blood bank that they will receive a sample from a daratumumab-treated patient. Phenotyping may be considered prior to starting daratumumab treatment as per local practice.**

This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved by the Saudi FDA

March 2021

daratumumab Interference Is Clinically Manageable

- To date, no clinically significant hemolysis has been observed in patients receiving daratumumab, and no transfusion reactions have occurred in patients requiring RBC and whole blood transfusions (data on file)
- daratumumab does not interfere with identification of ABO/RhD antigens²
- If an emergency transfusion is required, non-crossmatched, ABO/RhD-compatible RBCs can be given, per local blood bank practices⁶
- Once treatment with daratumumab is discontinued, pan-agglutination may persist; the duration of this effect varies from patient to patient, but may persist for up to 6 months after the last daratumumab infusion⁶. Therefore, patients should carry their Patient ID Card for 6 months after the treatment has ended
- Patients should be advised to consult the Patient Information Leaflet (PIL) for further information

This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved by the Saudi FDA

March 2021

Contact information:



If you have any additional questions, please contact Janssen Medical Information
RA-MedInfoEmMarkets@ITS.JNJ.com

Adverse events reporting guidance:

SFDA (National Pharmacovigilance center)

Email: npc.drug@sfda.gov.sa

Telephone: 19999

Fax: +966 11 2057662

Online: <http://ade.sfda.gov.sa>

For full prescribing information, please refer to the data sheet or contact Johnson & Johnson Middle East FZ LLC, Saudi Branch at Mawheba Building, 3rd Floor, Al-Olaya Road, AlWaroud District P.O.Box:55031 Riyadh:11533 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Tel.: +966114339133

Fax: +966112153190

To report Adverse Events/Product Complaint or any Medical Information Inquiries, please contact us at

Email: GCC-PV2@its.jnj.com

Hotline: 00966540015811

**This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved
by the Saudi FDA**

March 2021

Contact information:



هيئة الغذاء والدواء (المركز الوطني للتفتيش)

الإيميل: npc.drug@sFDA.gov.sa

الخط المباشر: 19999

فاكس: 00966112057662

الموقع: <http://ade.sFDA.gov.sa>

للحصول على معلومات عن طريقة استخدام الدواء , يرجى الرجوع الى النشرة الداخلية او

التواصل مع فرع جونسون أند جونسون ميدل ايست - السعودية في مركز الموهبة, الطابق

الرياض: الثالث, شارع العليا, حي الورود, المملكة العربية السعودية, الرياض ص.ب 55031

. 33511 الهاتف: 0096114339133 فاكس: 00966112153190

للإبلاغ عن الأعراض الجانبية و شكاوى عن المنتجات او اي استفسارات طبية, يرجى التواصل بنا

عبر:

الإيميل: GCC-PV2@its.jnj.com

الخط المباشر: 00966540015811

For extra copies, please contact: +966114339133


This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved
by the Saudi FDA

March 2021

REMEMBER

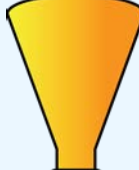
daratumumab-treated patients may show pan-reactivity in Indirect Antiglobulin Test (IAT)

daratumumab interference mitigation methods




Genotype

OR



DTT or locally validated
methods
Treat reagent RBCs with

If available, refer to the patient's ID card for their blood type and antibody screen results conducted prior to initiation of daratumumab treatment.



ID CARD

daratumumab Interference Mitigation Methods



March 2021
This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved by the Saudi FDA

This document has been reviewed and approved by The Saudi Food and Drug Authority (SFDA)

Guide for Blood Bank for Understanding & Mitigating daratumumab Interference with Blood Compatibility Testing



References

1. Chapuy CI, Nicholson RT, Aguad MD, et al. Resolving the daratumumab interference with blood compatibility testing. *Transfusion*. 2015;55(6 Pt 2):1545-1554.
2. de Weers M, Tai YT, van der Veer MS, et al. daratumumab, a novel therapeutic human CD38 monoclonal antibody, induces killing of multiple myeloma and other hematological tumors. *J Immunol*. 2011;186(3):1840-1848.
3. Albeniz I, Demir O, Türker-Sener L, Yalcintepe L, Nurten R, Bermek E. Erythrocyte CD38 as a prognostic marker in cancer. *Hematology*. 2007;12(5):409-414.
4. Mehta K, Shahid U, Malavasi F. Human CD38, a cell-surface protein with multiple functions. *FASEB J*. 1996;10(12):1408-1417.
5. Zocchi E, Franco L, Guida L, et al. A single protein immunologically identified as CD38 displays NAD⁺ glycohydrolase, ADP-ribosyl cyclase and cyclic ADP-ribose hydrolase activities at the outer surface of human erythrocytes. *Biochem Biophys Res Commun*. 1993;196(3):1459-1465.
6. Oostendorp M, Lammerts van Bueren JJ, Doshi P, et al. When blood transfusion medicine becomes complicated due to interference by monoclonal antibody therapy. *Transfusion*. 2015;55(6 Pt 2):1555-1562.
7. Hannon JL, Clarke G. Transfusion management of patients receiving daratumumab therapy for advanced plasma cell myeloma. *Transfusion*. 2015;55(11):2770.
8. Westhoff CM, Reid ME. Review: the Kell, Duffy, and Kidd blood group systems. *Immunohematology*. 2004;20(1):37-49.

This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved by the Saudi FDA
March 2021

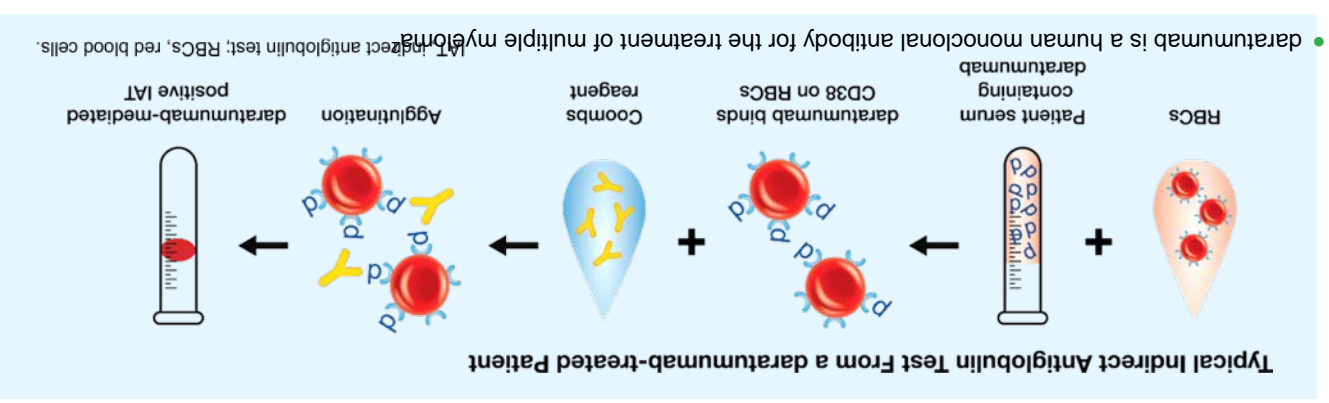


March 2021
This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved by the Saudi FDA

- To date, no clinically significant hemolysis has been observed in patients receiving daratumumab, and no transfusion reactions have occurred in patients requiring transfusions (data on file)
- daratumumab does not interfere with identification of ABO/RhD antigens¹
- If an emergency transfusion is required, non-crossmatched, ABO/RhD-compatible RBCs can be given, per local blood bank practices⁶
- A patient's compatibility profile, determined prior to their first dose of daratumumab, is recorded on the patient's ID card

Daratumumab Interference Is Clinically Manageable

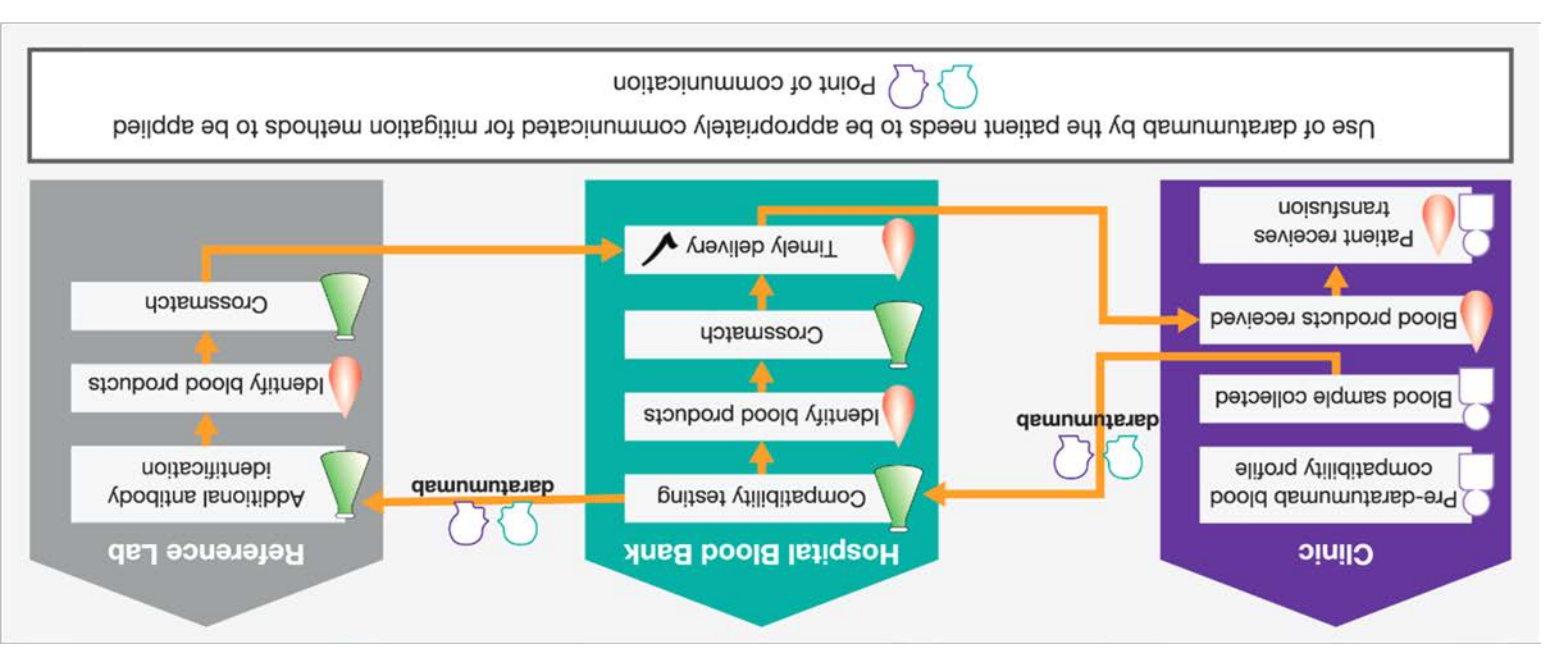
Daratumumab Results in a Positive Indirect Antiglobulin Test which may persist for up to 6 months after the last product's infusion



- daratumumab is a human monoclonal antibody for the treatment of multiple myeloma
- daratumumab binds to CD38, a protein that is expressed at low levels on red blood cells (RBCs)³⁻⁵
- daratumumab binding to RBCs may mask the detection of antibodies to minor antigens. This interferes with compatibility tests, including the antibody screening and crossmatching¹

This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved by the Saudi FDA March 2021

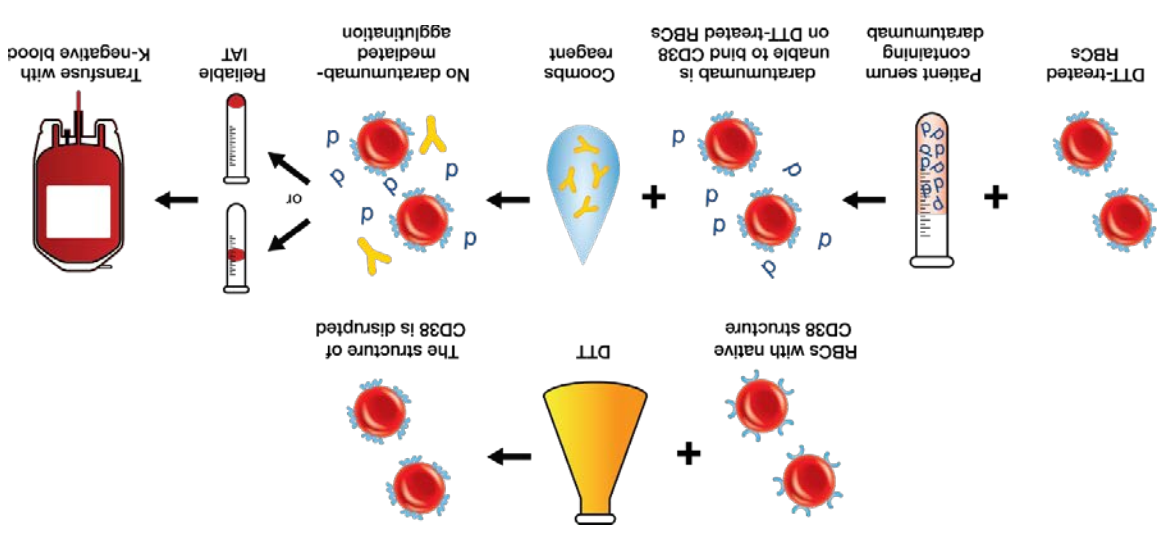
Help Prevent Delays by Applying Mitigation Methods



- If steps are not taken to mitigate daratumumab interference, delays in the release of blood products for transfusion may occur
- Blood products for transfusion can be identified for daratumumab-treated patients using protocols available in the literature^{1,6} or by using genotyping⁷
- Mitigation methods should be used until pan-agglutination is no longer observed

This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved by the Saudi FDA March 2021

Treat Reagent RBCs With DTT or Locally Validated Method



DTT, dithiothreitol; IAT, indirect antiglobulin test; RBC, red blood cells.

- Treat reagent RBCs with dithiothreitol (DTT) to disrupt daratumumab binding, thus allowing antibody screening or crossmatching to be performed; the protocol can be found in Chapuy et al¹. Alternative locally validated methods can also be used
- Blood products for transfusion were identified for daratumumab-treated patients, after using DTT-treated reagent RBCs for antibody screening¹
- Since the Kell blood group system is also sensitive to DTT treatment,⁸ K-negative units should be supplied after ruling out or identifying alloantibodies using DTT-treated RBCs

This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved by the Saudi FDA March 2021

Contact information:



If you have any additional questions, please contact Janssen Medical Information
RA-MedInfoEmMarkets@ITS.JNJ.com

Adverse events reporting guidance:

SFDA (National Pharmacovigilance center)

Email: npc.drug@sfda.gov.sa

Telephone: 19999

Fax: +966 11 2057662

Online: <http://ade.sfda.gov.sa>

For full prescribing information, please refer to the data sheet or contact Johnson & Johnson Middle East FZ LLC, Saudi Branch at Mawheba Building, 3rd Floor, Al-Olaya Road, AlWaroud District P.O.Box:55031 Riyadh:11533 Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Tel.: +966114339133

Fax: +966112153190

To report Adverse Events/Product Complaint or any Medical Information Inquiries, please contact us at

Email: GCC-PV2@its.jnj.com

Hotline: 00966540015811

**This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved
by the Saudi FDA**

March 2021

Contact information:



هيئة الغذاء والدواء (المركز الوطني للتفتيش)

الإيميل: npc.drug@sfd.gov.sa

الخط المباشر: 19999

فاكس: 00966112057662

الموقع: <http://ade.sfda.gov.sa>

للحصول على معلومات عن طريقة استخدام الدواء , يرجى الرجوع الى النشرة الداخلية او

التواصل مع فرع جونسون أند جونسون ميدل ايست - السعودية في مركز المؤهبة, الطابق

الرياض: الثالث, شارع العليا, حي الورود, المملكة العربية السعودية, الرياض ص.ب 55031

. 33511 الهاتف: 0096114339133 فاكس: 00966112153190

للإبلاغ عن الأعراض الجانبية و شكاوى عن المنتجات او اي استفسارات طبية, يرجى التواصل بنا

عبر:

الإيميل: GCC-PV2@its.jnj.com

الخط المباشر: 00966540015811

For extra copies, please contact: +966114339133

This risk minimization document version 1 has been approved
by the Saudi FDA

March 2021